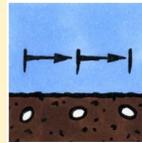


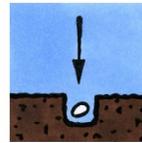
## BEAN, BLUE LAKE 274 GREEN BUSH



Blue Lake Bush Beans stand at the top of the list for gourmet cooks and gardeners alike because of their unsurpassed flavor and high yield. They are a favorite of home gardeners and highly recommended for canning. The heat-tolerant bushes grow about 18" tall and produce 5" to 6" pods with white seeds.



Direct Seed: 2" Apart



Seed Depth: 1"



Rows Apart: 36-48"



Light: Full Sun

Sow seeds outdoors after danger of frost has passed and soil and air temperatures have warmed. Harvest frequently for increased yields.

## BEAN, BUTTER PEA LIMA



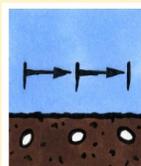
White Dixie Butter Pea is an excellent home vegetable garden variety and produces delicious, small limas with three or four nearly round lima beans inside each pod. Bush type plants grow about 20" high. This is an excellent lima bean variety for southern gardens, as it does well in hot weather!

Lima beans cannot survive cold weather, so plant them well after the last frost when the soil temperature is at least 70 degrees. Plant White Dixie Butter pea lima bean seeds in a sunny location about 5" apart, "eye" side down, and 1" deep, in rows 24" to 36" apart. Germination may be slow. The soil should be enriched with compost or other organic matter, and deeply worked. Thin to 8" apart, but do not transplant. Do not over-water, since this can cause the seedlings to rot.

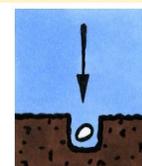
## BEAN, GOLDEN WAX YELLOW *Phaseolus vulgaris*



The straight golden pods of Golden Wax Beans stay clear and smooth due to improved rust resistance! The vigorous plants are high yielding, producing stringless pods that grow 4" to 6" long and are great for canning.



Direct Seed: 2" Apart



Seed Depth: 1"



Flows Apart: 36-48"



Light: Full Sun

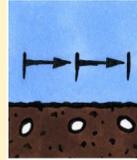
**Instructions** - Sow seeds outdoors after danger of frost has passed and soil and air temperatures have warmed. Harvest frequently for increased yields.

## BEAN, PURPLE PODDED POLE

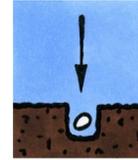
*Phaseolus vulgaris*



Plants of this historic variety climb vigorously to 6' to show off an abundance of reddish-purple pods that are high-quality, hearty, and stringless. The pods grow 5-7"-long and turn to light green when cooked.



Direct Seed: 2" Apart



Seed Depth: 1"



Support: Trellis, tepee, or fencing



Light: Full Sun

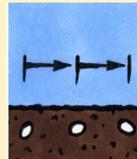
**Instructions** - Sow seeds outdoors after danger of frost has passed and soil and air temperatures have warmed. Harvest frequently for increased yields.

## BEAN, SUNSET RUNNER

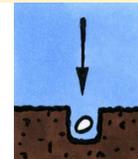
*Phaseolus coccineus*



A flowering bean with unique salmon-pink blossoms; esteemed as a vegetable or as an ornamental climber. Produces abundant crops of flavorful beans throughout the season. Excellent for freezing. Pole habit, 60-65 days.



Direct Seed: 2" Apart



Seed Depth: 1"



Rows Apart: 24-36"



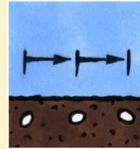
Support: Trellis, tepee, or netting

**Instructions** - Sow seeds outdoors after danger of frost has passed and soil and air temperatures have warmed. Runner beans prefer full sun, although they tolerate part shade very well.

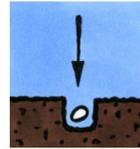
## BEET, DETROIT DARK RED *Beta vulgaris*



This heirloom beet has round, smooth roots that are about 3" in diameter and keep well for canning. On the inside, these Detroit dark red beets are blood red in color, with virtually no zoning. Medium green tops with tinges of red can be harvested early and used for salad greens. It matures in 58 days.



Direct Seed: 2" Apart



Seed Depth: 1/2"



Rows Apart: 20-24"



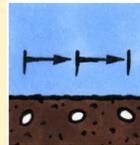
Thin: 4-6" Apart

**Instructions** - Sow seeds outdoors as soon as soil can be worked in spring. Seeds will germinate in 5-10 days. Plant at two-week intervals for a steady harvest. All parts of the beet plant are edible.

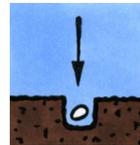
## BEET, RUBY QUEEN *Beta vulgaris*



These smooth-skinned deep red Ruby Queen beets are very tender and sweet. Ready in just 52 days, you can enjoy the smooth buttery texture earlier than most beets. Ideal for pickling and canning, they hold their color through processing.



Direct Seed: 2" Apart



Seed Depth: 1/2"



Rows Apart: 20-24"



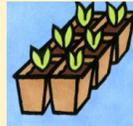
Thin: 4-6" Apart

**Instructions** - Sow seeds outdoors as soon as soil can be worked in spring. Seeds will germinate in 5-10 days. Plant at two-week intervals for a steady harvest. All parts of the beet plant are edible.

CABBAGE, BRUNSWICK  
*Brassica oleracea*



This cabbage is very cold hardy, and stores well. Brunswick cabbage seeds are an heirloom variety from 1924. The wide, flattened heads weigh 6-9 pounds and are great for making sauerkraut.



Start Indoors: 6-8 weeks before last frost



Germination: 7-12 Days



Plant Outdoors: 24-36" Apart



Light: Full Sun

Instructions- Sow seeds indoors 1/4" deep. Plant out just before the last frost. Make sure cabbage has a regular supply

CABBAGE, COPENHAGEN MARKET  
*Brassica oleracea*



This early Cabbage variety holds up longer without splitting than any other variety! This Copenhagen Market Early cabbage is great in size, excellent in flavor, and exceptional for the home garden! It matures in about 65 days.



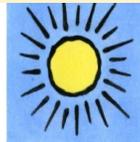
Start Indoors: 6-8 weeks before last frost



Germination: 7-12 Days



Plant Outdoors: 24-36" Apart



Light: Full Sun

Instructions- Sow seeds indoors 1/4" deep. Plant out just before the last frost. Make sure cabbage has a regular supply

CABBAGE, RED ACRE  
*Brassica oleracea*



This bright reddish-purple cabbage will add vivid color to both your garden and your table! The crisp, tender heads reach 7" in diameter and have good resistance to splitting! Red Acre cabbage stores exceptionally well for an early cabbage.



Start Indoors: 6-8 weeks before last frost



Germination: 7-12 Days



Plant Outdoors: 24-36" Apart



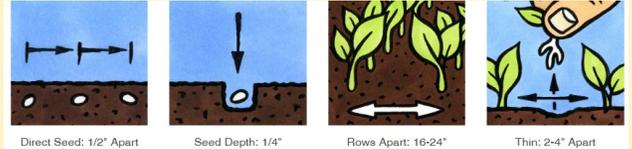
Light: Full Sun

Instructions- Sow seeds indoors 1/4" deep. Plant out just before the last frost. Make sure cabbage has a regular supply

CARROT, CHANTENAY RED CORE  
*Daucus carota*



Chantenay Red Cored carrots are popular for the home vegetable garden and great for canning and freezing. They grow blunt, blocky, tapered roots that are 5" to 6" long, and are deep reddish orange all the way through. The fine-grained flesh is crisp and sweet.

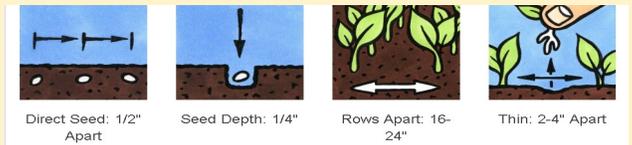


**Instructions** - Sow seeds outdoors 3-4 weeks before last spring frost, or as soon as soil can be worked. Keeping soil moist throughout the germination period is important to success. Misting the planted area daily or covering is recommended. Carrots are slow to germinate and need steady moisture until germination. Sow successively throughout the season for fresh carrots.

CARROT, DRAGON  
*Daucus carota*



This carrot's beautiful red-purple exterior provides a striking contrast to its yellow-orange interior and light yellow core. A treat for the eye when sliced.

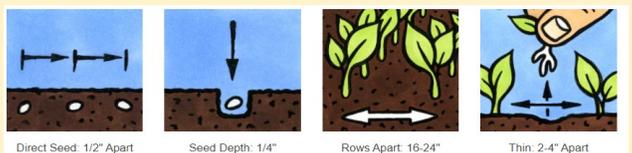


**Instructions** - Sow seeds outdoors 3-4 weeks before last spring frost, or as soon as soil can be worked. Keeping soil moist throughout the germination period is important to success. Misting the planted area daily or covering is recommended. Carrots are slow to germinate and need steady moisture until germination. Sow successively throughout the season for fresh carrots.

CARROT, TENDERSWEET  
*Daucus carota*



Tendersweet is one of the sweetest carrots on the market! The deep orange roots are top quality, great-tasting, and super for cooking. They are also easy to grow and produce reliable yields in about 75 days.



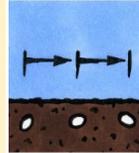
**Instructions** - Sow seeds outdoors 3-4 weeks before last spring frost, or as soon as soil can be worked. Keeping soil moist throughout the germination period is important to success. Misting the planted area daily or covering is recommended. Carrots are slow to germinate and need steady moisture until germination. Sow successively throughout the season for fresh carrots.

## CORN, COUNTRY GENTLEMAN

*Zea mays*



Irregular white kernels fill the 7" ears of this delicious non-hybrid open-pollinated Country Gentleman corn. This is one of the finest varieties of corn for roasting, and it's also great for canning. The 8-foot tall stalks often produce 2 or 3 ears each.



Direct Seed: 4" Apart



Germination: 4-21 Days



Rows Apart: 36-48"



Light: Full Sun

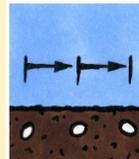
**Instructions** - Sow seeds outdoors 1" deep after danger of frost has passed. For good pollination and full ears, plant in blocks of 3-6 rows instead of one long row. Thin seedlings to 8" apart. Corn is a heavy feeder and does best in well-drained fertile soil with plenty of water.

## CORN, GOLDEN BANTAM

*Zea mays*



One of the first yellow sweet corns, this old heirloom is a non-hybrid open-pollinated variety of corn. Not only is it early, with only 80 days to maturity, it's also delicious and full of sweet flavor! It is also great for freezing, even can even be frozen on the cob.



Direct Seed: 4" Apart



Germination: 4-21 Days



Rows Apart: 36-48"



Light: Full Sun

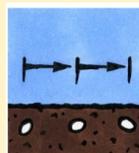
**Instructions** - Sow seeds outdoors 1" deep after danger of frost has passed. For good pollination and full ears, plant in blocks of 3-6 rows instead of one long row. Thin seedlings to 8" apart. Corn is a heavy feeder and does best in well-drained, fertile soil with plenty of water.

## CORN, SHAMAN'S BLUE POPCORN

*Zea mays*



This exciting blue popcorn receives high marks for both taste and visual appeal. The unique bluish-purple kernels pop into mounds of snow white popcorn that will satisfy any popcorn lover with its slightly sweet flavor.



Direct Seed: 4" Apart



Germination: 4-21 Days



Rows Apart: 36-48"



Light: Full Sun

**Instructions** - Sow seeds outdoors 1" deep after danger of frost has passed. For good pollination and full ears, plant in blocks of 3-6 rows instead of one long row. Thin seedlings to 8" apart. Corn is a heavy feeder and does best in well-drained fertile soil with plenty of water.

EGGPLANT, BLACK BEAUTY  
*Solanum melongena*



Black Beauty is a popular heirloom variety of eggplant with big yields! The bushy spreading plants grow up to 30" tall and hold their purplish-black oval fruit well off the ground. This top-notch fruit averages 2 pounds and takes about 80 days to maturity.



Start Indoors: 8 weeks before last frost



Germination: 14 Days



Plant Outdoors: 18-24" Apart



Light: Full Sun

**Instructions** - Sow seeds indoors 1/4" deep. Transplant outdoors once danger of frost has passed and soil is warm. Using landscape fabric or black plastic can accelerate growth and productivity in cooler climates.

EGGPLANT, ROSA BIANCA  
*Solanum melongena*



Rosa Bianca is an Italian heirloom eggplant with delicious, creamy flesh and no bitter taste. Rosa Bianca delivers good yields of light pink or lavender fruits that are about 5" in diameter.



Start Indoors: 8 weeks before last frost



Germination: 14 Days



Plant Outdoors: 18-24" Apart



Light: Full Sun

**Instructions** - Sow seeds indoors 1/4" deep. Transplant outdoors once danger of frost has passed and soil is warm. Using landscape fabric or black plastic can accelerate growth and productivity in cooler climates.

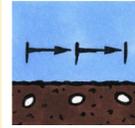
## LETTUCE, BRONZE ARROWHEAD

*Lactuca sativa*

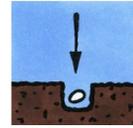


Hailed as “the finest, most colorful and most delicious leaf lettuce for the home garden.”

Our favorite oakleaf type. Looseleaf, 40-50 days.



Direct Seed: 1" Apart



Seed Depth: 1/4"



Germination: 7-14 Days



Thin: 6-8" Apart

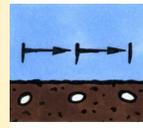
**Instructions** - Sow continuously for a constant supply of lettuce. Best grown in cooler weather. Plant in full sun or partial shade.

## LETTUCE, ICEBERG BATAVIAN

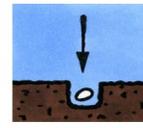
*Lactuca sativa*



Nice firm heads are made up of tender, mild-flavored green leaves that are delicious! The hearts of these iceberg Batavian lettuce heads are tender and almost white, making it great for the home vegetable garden. It has average water needs and takes about 85 days to reach maturity.



Direct Seed: 1" Apart



Seed Depth: 1/4"



Germination: 7-14 Days



Thin: 10-12" Apart

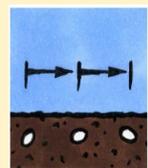
**Instructions** - Sow continuously for a constant supply of lettuce. Best grown in cooler weather. Plant in full sun or partial shade.

## LETTUCE, RED ROMAINE

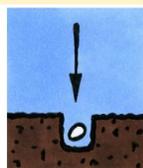
*Lactuca sativa*



This one is a show stopper with its intense red leaves. This is a romaine type and stands 12" tall, and 10" inches wide. The long, crisp spoon-shaped leaves add beautiful color to salads. It is ready in only 40 days.



Direct Seed: 1" Apart



Seed Depth: 1/4"



Germination: 7-14 Days



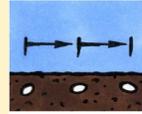
Thin: 10" Apart

**Instructions** - Sow continuously for a constant supply of lettuce. Best grown in cooler weather. Plant in full sun or partial shade.

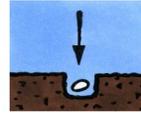
## OKRA, CLEMSON SPINELESS *Abelmoschus esculentus*



Clemson spineless is the most popular variety of okra on the market! The vigorous 5-foot plants produce uniform, straight pods that are spineless, making harvest easier! It can be served fried, cooked, or pickled. This variety is very prolific and high yielding, maturing in about 55 days.



Direct Seed: 2" Apart



Seed Depth: 1/2"



Thin: 6-8" Apart



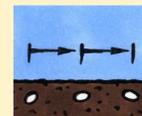
Light: Full Sun

**Instructions** - Sow seeds outdoors when the soil has warmed. Tolerant of heat and drought, but not of cold. Keep well picked for higher yields.

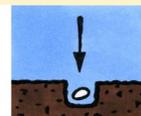
## OKRA, RED BURGUNDY *Abelmoschus esculentus*



Stunning 4' plant with burgundy accents and tender burgundy pods up to 6" long. Good yields. 55-60 days.



Direct Seed: 2" Apart



Seed Depth: 1/2"



Thin: 6-8" Apart



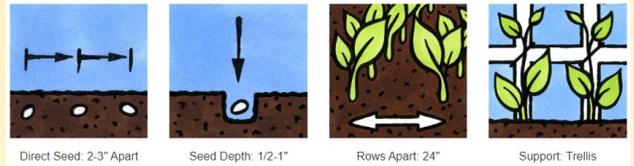
Light: Full Sun

**Instructions** - Sow seeds outdoors when the soil has warmed. Tolerant of heat and drought, but not of cold. Keep well picked for higher yields.

PEA, LINCOLN SHELL  
*Pisum sativum*



This Old English favorite is exceptionally tender and is one of the sweetest peas you can grow. Excellent for fresh eating in the garden, and also excellent for freezing. They are among the top heat-resistant types of all peas, and their compact growth habit makes these Lincoln Shell garden pea seeds the perfect choice for home gardens.

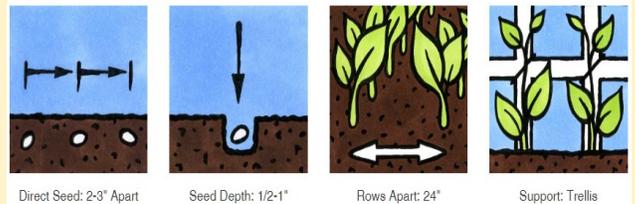


**Instructions** - Peas thrive in cool weather. Sow seeds outdoors as soon as soil can be worked in spring. Seeds will germinate in 7-14 days. Double rows of peas can be planted on each side of a trellis.

PEA, SUPER SUGAR SNAP  
*Pisum sativum*

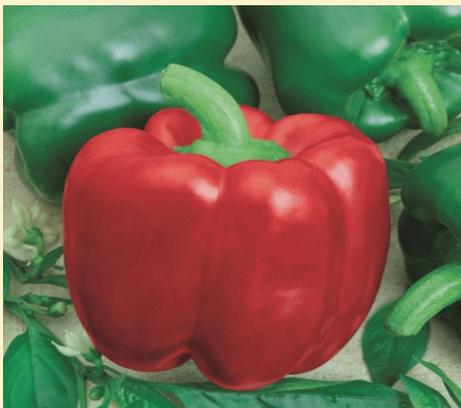


The Super Sugar Snap pea is a very popular pea variety. This pea produces very heavy yields - sometimes twice as many pods as other varieties! The sweet, plump pods are delicious when eaten fresh, steamed, or stir-fried.



**Instructions** - Peas thrive in cool weather. Sow seeds outdoors as soon as soil can be worked in spring. Seeds will germinate in 7-14 days. Double rows of peas can be planted on each side of a trellis.

SWEET PEPPER, CALIFORNIA WONDER  
*Capsicum annuum*



The California Wonder pepper is a very popular vegetable for the home garden because it has a mild, sweet flavor! It grows glossy, deep-green bells about 4" across that turn red at full maturity, which takes about 75 days.



**Instructions** - Sow seeds indoors ¼" deep. Peppers germinate best in warm soil, so gentle bottom heat may be helpful until seedlings emerge. Wait to transplant outdoors until soil is warm.

## PEPPER, JALAPENO TRAVELER STRAIN

*Capsicum annuum*



Sturdy plants covered in cylindrical fruits that average 3" long. Fruits ripen from green to bright red. 70-90 days from transplant. Hot.



Start Indoors: 8 weeks before last frost



Germination: 14 Days



Plant Outdoors: 12-24" Apart



Light: Full Sun

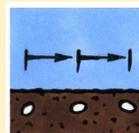
**Instructions** - Sow seeds indoors ¼" deep. Peppers germinate best in warm soil, so gentle bottom heat may be helpful until seedlings emerge. Wait to transplant outdoors until soil is warm.

## RADISH, CHAMPION

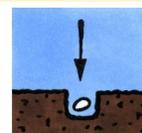
*Raphanus sativus*



Champion is a large Cherry Belle type radish. The bright-red roots of this vegetable average 1.5" in diameter with firm mild flesh. This variety is resistant to cold temperatures and is excellent for early or late plantings. It matures in just 25 days.



Direct Seed: 1" Apart



Seed Depth: 1/2"



Rows Apart: 12"



Thin: 2-3" Apart

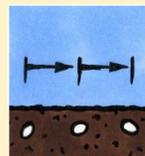
**Instructions** - Sow seeds outdoors as soon as soil can be worked in spring. Plant in full sun. Successive plantings can be made every 3-4 weeks throughout summer and fall to provide a continual harvest.

## SPINACH, BLOOMSDALE

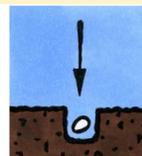
*Spinacia oleracea*



Bloomsdale is a spinach that may very well become your favorite! The large leaves of this variety are thick, dark green, and have a crinkled texture. Slow to bolt, and taking only 45 days to mature, this is a great choice for late spring and summer plantings.



Direct Seed: 1" Apart



Seed Depth: 1/2"



Germination: 7-14 Days



Thin: 6-8" Apart

**Instructions** - Spinach grows best in cool weather and should be planted in early spring or late summer to produce a fall crop. For best yields, harvest continually and make successive plantings every ten days.

TOMATO, BRANDYWINE  
*Solanum lycopersicum*



Large vines produce deep red 8-12 ounce fruits. Excellent flavor. Very productive. Indeterminate, 80 days from transplant.



Start Indoors: 6 weeks before last frost



Germination: 7-14 Days



Plant Outdoors: 24-36" Apart



Support: Cage, stake, or trellis

**Instructions** - Sow seeds indoors ¼" deep. Tomatoes are sensitive to freezing temperatures, so wait to transplant outdoors until the soil is warm. Plant in full sun.

TOMATO, CHEROKEE PURPLE  
*Solanum lycopersicum*



Uniquely colored dusty rose-brown fruits weigh up to 12 ounces. Delicious sweet flesh. Indeterminate, 75-90 days from transplant.



Start Indoors: 6 weeks before last frost



Germination: 7-14 Days



Plant Outdoors: 24-36" Apart



Support: Cage, stake, or trellis

**Instructions** - Sow seeds indoors ¼" deep. Tomatoes are sensitive to freezing temperatures, so wait to transplant outdoors until the soil is warm. Plant in full sun.

TOMATO, GOLDEN JUBILEE  
*Solanum lycopersicum*



Higher in Vitamin C and lower in acid than many tomato varieties, the Golden Jubilee is a nutritious vegetable for your garden. The bright orange tomatoes are meaty and flavorful! This is a vigorous variety with good yields and is ASC resistant. This variety grows tomatoes in 80 days. Indeterminate. .



Start Indoors: 6 weeks before last frost



Germination: 7-14 Days



Plant Outdoors: 24-36" Apart



Support: Cage, stake, or trellis

**Instructions** - Sow seeds indoors ¼" deep. Tomatoes are sensitive to freezing temperatures, so wait to transplant outdoors until the soil is warm. Plant in full sun.

## TOMATO, ROMA HEIRLOOM

*Solanum lycopersicum*



Roma is one of the most popular tomato varieties for pastes, sauces, and canning! The solid tomatoes weigh about 3 Oz and grow on compact vines. This easy to grow variety is open pollinated and bears heavily until frost. They take about 78 days to produce ripe tomatoes. Determinate.



Start Indoors: 6 weeks before last frost



Germination: 7-14 Days



Plant Outdoors: 24-36" Apart



Support: Cage, stake, or trellis

**Instructions** - Sow seeds indoors ¼" deep. Tomatoes are sensitive to freezing temperatures, so wait to transplant outdoors until the soil is warm. Plant in full sun.

## TOMATO, RUTGER'S HEIRLOOM

*Solanum lycopersicum*



These medium-sized tomatoes are ideal for both canning and fresh eating. Their smooth skin is crack-resistant, with a flattened globe-shaped fruit that averages 7 Oz in weight. The tomatoes grow on compact vines and are ready in 78 days. Determinate.



Start Indoors: 6 weeks before last frost



Germination: 7-14 Days



Plant Outdoors: 24-36" Apart



Support: Cage, stake, or trellis

**Instructions** - Sow seeds indoors ¼" deep. Tomatoes are sensitive to freezing temperatures, so wait to transplant outdoors until the soil is warm. Plant in full sun.

## TOMATO, SMALL RED CHERRY

*Solanum lycopersicum*



These small heirloom grape tomatoes are great for relish trays and salads! Small Red Cherry tomatoes grow in clusters on large open plants. They have good resistance to disease and begin to ripen in 75 days. Indeterminate.



Start Indoors: 6 weeks before last frost



Germination: 7-14 Days



Plant Outdoors: 24-36" Apart



Support: Cage, stake, or trellis

**Instructions** - Sow seeds indoors ¼" deep. Tomatoes are sensitive to freezing temperatures, so wait to transplant outdoors until the soil is warm. Plant in full sun.